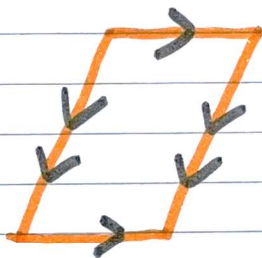


Lesson 1-9 → Constructing Parallelograms with Rotations

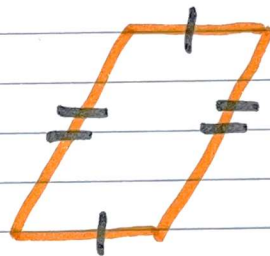
A Parallelogram has

→ 2 sets of parallel sides

→ 2 sets of equal side lengths

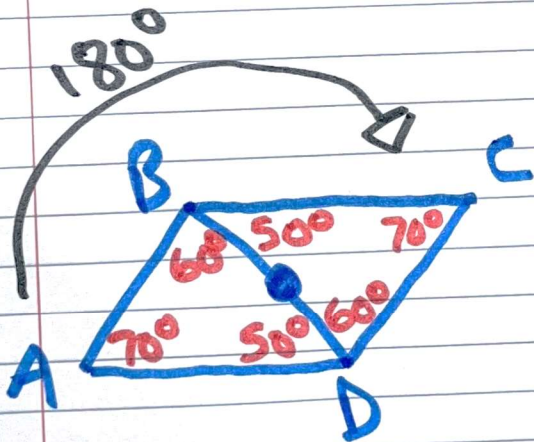
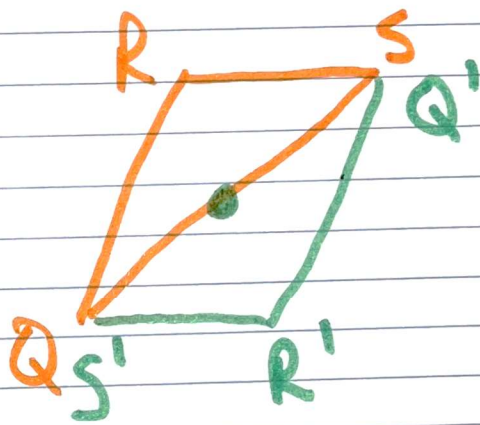
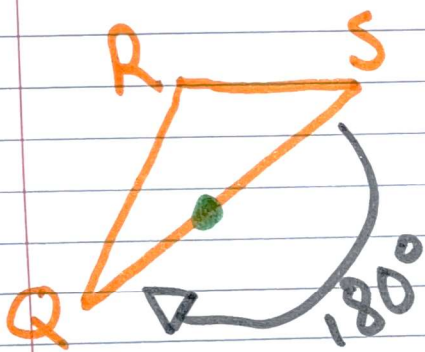


parallel
sides



Equal side
lengths

You can make a parallelogram by taking any triangle and rotating it 180° around a side's midpoint



$$ABD \cong CDB$$

$\begin{matrix} \nearrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ 70^\circ & 60^\circ & 50^\circ & 70^\circ & 60^\circ & 50^\circ \end{matrix}$